## Pt. 764

- (1) The holder will succeed to all rights of the Guarantee pertaining to the portion of the loan purchased.
- (2) The lender will send the holder the borrower's executed note attached to the Guarantee.
- (3) The holder, upon written notice to the lender and the Agency, may assign the unpaid guaranteed portion of the loan. The holder must sell the guaranteed portion back to the original lender if requested for servicing or liquidation of the account.
- (4) The guarantee or assignment of guarantee in the holder's possession does not cover:
- (i) Interest accruing 90 days after the holder has demanded repurchase by the lender, except as provided in the assignment of guarantee and \$762.144(c)(3)(iii).
- (ii) Interest accruing 90 days after the lender or the Agency has requested the holder to surrender evidence of debt repurchase, if the holder has not previously demanded repurchase.
- (c) In a participation, the lender sells an interest in a loan but retains the note, the collateral securing the note, and all responsibility for loan servicing and liquidation. The guarantee does not encompass the participant.
- (1) The lender must retain at least 10 percent of the total guaranteed loan amount from the unguaranteed portion of the loan in its portfolio, except when the loan guarantee exceeds 90 percent, the lender must retain the total unguaranteed portion.
- (2) Participation with a lender by any entity does not make that entity a holder or a lender as defined in this part.
- (d) Negotiations concerning premiums, fees, and additional payments for loans are to take place between the holder and the lender. The Agency will participate in such negotiations only as a provider of information.

[64 FR 7358, Feb. 12, 1999; 64 FR 38298, July 16, 1999]

## PART 764—EMERGENCY FARM LOANS

Sec.

764.1 Purpose.

764.2 Definitions.

764.3 Emergency loan funds uses.

- 764.4 Eligibility requirements.
- 764.5 Limitations.
- 764.6 Interest rate.
- 764.7 Loan terms.
- 764.8 Repayment and security requirements.
- 764.9 Appraisal and valuation requirements.
- 764.10 Insurance for loan security.
- 764.11 Charges and fees.

AUTHORITY: 5 U.S.C. 301 and 7 U.S.C. 1989.

Source: 67 FR 795, Jan. 8, 2002, unless otherwise noted.

## §764.1 Purpose.

The purpose of the Emergency Loan Program is to provide financial assistance to family farmers who have suffered losses as the result of a disaster so that they can return to normal farming operations as soon as possible after the disaster. Specifically, this part describes the policies and procedures of the Agency for making Emergency loans to operators of such farms.

## § 764.2 Definitions.

*Act* means the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 U.S.C. 1921 *et seq.*).

Additional security means property that provides security in excess of the amount of security value equal to the loan amount, excluding security described in §764.8(g).

Adequate security means property that provides a security value at least equal to the loan amount.

Agency means the Farm Service Agency, including its employees, any predecessor agency, and any successor agency.

Agricultural commodity means livestock, grains, cotton, oilseeds, dry beans, tobacco, peanuts, sugar beets, sugar cane, fruit, vegetable, forage, tree farming, nursery crops, nuts, aquacultural species, and other plant or animal production as determined by the Agency.

Allowable costs means those costs for replacement or repair that are supported by acceptable documentation, including but not limited to written estimates, invoices, and bills.

Applicant means an individual or entity (including each owner of the entity unless specified otherwise) operating a farming operation at the time of the disaster, who is requesting assistance from the Agency under this part. All